Material Safety Datasheet
Component A - MSDS

Revision Date: May 2024 Version: The second edition Effective date: June 1st , 2024

Section 1 - PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Chemical Name: Spray Pure Polyurea SDPUA-2302 Coating Component A

Company Name: Shunda Polyurethane Ltd.

Manufacturer Enterprise: Shunda Polyurethane Ltd.

Address: 1200 Denison St,

Zip code: L3R 8G6 **Fax:** 905-754-0558

Emergency call: 905-754-0568

Section 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Dangerous class: Class 6.1 – Toxic Substances

Explosion hazards: This product is not classified as a flammable liquid, explosive, oxidant, corrosive, toxic chemical or radioactive material for storage and transportation purposes. Therefore, it is not considered a hazardous cargo.

Precautionary Statements:

Operate only outdoors or in well-ventilated areas.

Wear protective gloves, goggles, and face shield.

If ventilation is poor, use respiratory protection.

Avoid inhaling smoke/gas/fumes/vapors/spray.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Contaminated work clothing must not be taken out of the workplace

Prevention:

Wear protective gloves, and in the event of inadequate ventilation, wear respiratory protection. Use only outdoors or in well-ventilated areas to avoid breathing in vapors. Wash thoroughly after handling the product. Contaminated work clothing should not leave the workplace.

Response:

IF ON SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing and wash it thoroughly before reusing. Wash any exposed skin with plenty of soap and water. If you experience skin irritation or rash, seek medical advice or attention. Skin contact may result in irritation, allergic reactions, and dermatitis

IF IN EYES: If the product comes into contact with your eyes, rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. If you are wearing contact lenses and it's easy to do so, remove them before rinsing. If eye irritation persists, seek medical advice or attention. Remember to wash your hands thoroughly after handling the product. **Eye contact** can cause conjunctival irritation and moderate corneal clouding.

IF INHALED: If someone inhales the product and experiences difficulty breathing, move them to a place with fresh air and let them rest in a comfortable breathing position. If the person is still having trouble breathing or feeling unwell, call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician for further advice. If you experience respiratory symptoms, seek medical attention immediately. **Inhalation of large amounts** of vapor can **irritate the respiratory tract**, causing headache, runny nose, sore throat, wheezing, chest tightness, difficulty breathing, and impaired lung function. **High concentrations** may lead to **Bronchitis, Bronchospasm** and **Pulmonary edema**

Storage:

Store the product in a locked area. It reacts slowly with water to produce carbon dioxide which can cause closed containers to rupture. This reaction is more rapid at higher temperatures.

Disposal:

This substance or its container may be disposed of by incineration.

If the used container still contains residue, keep it dry during storage to avoid explosion due to water contact.

Do not store food or other items in the container until it has been fully decontaminated, to avoid harm to humans or the environment

The recycling, reuse, or disposal of the packaging must comply with national and local laws and regulations.

Any damage or harm caused by improper disposal of the packaging is the responsibility of the disposer.

Dispose of both contents and container of the product in accordance with all relevant local, regional, national and international regulations.

Important symptoms:

Ingestion may lead to abdominal cramps and vomiting.

Long-term exposure may cause permanent lung function impairment, rashes and allergic reactions.

Section 3 - COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Preparation: Mixture

Component Name	%	CAS NO.
Diphenylmethane isocyanate	30	26447-40-5
Carbamate	50	\
Propylene carbonate	20	108-32-7

Section 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye

In case of contact with the eyes, immediately rinse with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention immediately.

Skin

After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of soap and warm water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. A Spray Polyurea Elastic Waterproofing Coating Component A study has demonstrated that a polyglycol-based skin cleanser (such as D-TamTM, PEG-400)

or corn oil may be more effective than soap and water. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Inhaled

Harmful if inhaled and may cause respiratory irritation. This product is a respiratory irritant and potential respiratory sensitiser: repeated inhalation of vapor or aerosol at levels above the occupational exposure limit could cause respiratory sensitisation. Symptoms may include irritation to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs, possibly combined with dryness of the throat, tightness of chest and difficulty in breathing. The onset of the respiratory symptoms may be delayed for several hours after exposure. A hyper-reactive response to even minimal concentrations of diisocyanates may develop in sensitised persons.

Swallowed

Rinse mouth. **Do not induce vomiting.** Seek immediate medical attention or call a poison control center.

Protection of first-aiders

Use proper personal protective equipment as indicated in Section 8.

Notes to an attending physician:

Symptomatic and supportive therapy as needed. Following severe exposure medical follow-up should be monitored for at least 48 hours.

Section 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media

Foam, CO2 or dry powder. **Do not use** water or foam as extinguishing agents.

Specific hazards

In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. The substance is combustible when exposed to high heat or open flames. Decomposes on contact with heat, water, or acids, releasing toxic and irritating fumes, and generates heat.

Specific extinguishing methods

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. PVC boots, gloves, safety helmet and protective clothing should be worn. Fight fire from a safe distance and upwind position. Move containers away from fire area if it can be done safely. Use water spray to cool fire-exposed containers until the fire is extinguished. In case of large fire, continuous cooling with water may be necessary to prevent container rupture or explosion.

Precautions for fire-fighters

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Section 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilling material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation.

Isolate the contaminated area and restrict access.

Eliminate all sources of ignition.

Emergency response personnel should wear chemical protective suits, rubber gloves, and respiratory protection (e.g., gas masks or SCBA).

Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE).

Stop the leak if it is safe to do so.

Avoid contact with or walking through the spilled material.

Protective equipment

Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment

Emergency procedures

Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilling material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Stop leakage if there is no risk involved. Move the containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind.

If the product is in its solid form: Spilled Spray Pure Polyurea SDPUA-2302 Coating Component A flakes should be picked up carefully. The area should be vacuum cleaned to remove remaining dust particles completely.

If the product is in its liquid form: Absorb spillages onto sand, earth or any suitable absorbent material. Leave to react for at least 30 minutes. Do not absorb onto sawdust or other combustible materials. Shovel into open-top drums for further decontamination. Wash the spilled area with water. Test atmosphere for Spray Pure Polyurea SDPUA-2302 Coating Component A vapor. Neutralize small spillages with decontaminant. Remove and dispose of residues.

Secondary disaster prevention measures

Section 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

For handling:

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get the product in contact with the eyes or on skin or clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Atmospheric concentrations should be minimized and kept as low as reasonably practicable below the occupational exposure limit. The efficiency of the ventilation system must be monitored regularly because of the possibility of blockage. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. When the product is sprayed or heated, suitable respiratory protection equipment with positive air supply is required. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material and must be kept tightly closed when not in use. A basic essential in sampling, handling and storage is the prevention of contact with water. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. Keep equipment clean. Keep stocks of decontaminant readily available.

For storage:

Store in accordance with local regulations. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Store **separately** from **acids**, **alkalis**, **ammonia**, **alcohols**, and **amines** — **do not store together**. Keep away from **heat sources**, **open flames**, and **direct sunlight**. Ensure storage area is equipped with appropriate **firefighting equipment** and **spill containment materials**.

Section 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering controls

Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. Diisocyanates can only be smelled if the occupational exposure limit has been exceeded considerably. Install **safety showers** and **eye wash stations** near areas where the material is used or handled.

Personal protective equipment

Eye protection

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts.

Respiratory protection

Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If the airborne concentration exceeds exposure limits, use a **supplied-air respirator** or a **self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA)** in accordance with relevant regulations and

standards.

Hand protection

Use chemical resistant gloves classified under Standard EN374: protective gloves against chemicals and microorganisms. Examples of glove materials that might provide suitable protection include: Butyl rubber, Chlorinated polyethylene, Polyethylene, Ethyl vinyl alcohol copolymers laminated ("EVAL"), When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with protection class of 5 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 240 minutes according to EN374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with protection class of 3 or higher (Breakthrough time greater than 60 minutes according to EN374) is recommended. Contaminated gloves should be decontaminated anddisposed of.

Notice: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all requisite workplace factors such as, but not limited to: other chemicals that may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), as well as instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.

Protective gloves should be worn when handling freshly made polyurethane products to avoid contact with trace residual materials which may be hazardous in contact with skin.

Use gloves approved to relevant standards e.g., EN 374 (Europe), F739 (US). Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g., frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material and dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers.

Additional information can be found for instance at www.gisbau.de.

Skin and body protection

Wear **gas-permeable chemical protective clothing** to minimize skin contact. Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other Protective Measures:

No eating, drinking, or smoking in the work area.

Wash thoroughly after handling the material.

Contaminated clothing should be removed and properly cleaned before reuse.

Section 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance Colorless transparent to light yellow liquid

Colour: Colorless transparent to light yellow

Physical data

Odour: Not available

PH: Not applicable *(substance not water-soluble or reacts)*.

Melting point/freezing point: Not available

Boling point (℃**):** Not available

Flash point (℃**):** Not available

Explosive limits: Not available.

Saturated vapor pressure(mmHg): Not available

Relative Vapor Density: Not available

Relative Density (water=1): 1.0～1.1

Heat of Combustion (kJ/mol): Not available

Critical Pressure (MPa): Not available

Critical Temperature (°C): Not available

Coefficient of Oil/Water Distribution (Partition Coefficient): Not available.

Decomposition Temperature (°C): Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature: Not available

Lower Explosion Limit [% (v/v)]: Not available

Upper Explosion Limit [% (v/v)]: Not available

Odor Threshold: Not available

Evaporation Rate: Not available

Solubility: Soluble in benzene, acetone, kerosene

Section 10 - CHEMICAL STABILITY AND REACTIVITY INFORMATION

Chemical Stability:

Stable at room temperature.

Conditions to Avoid:

Avoid Moist air

Incompatible materials:

Water, strong oxidizers, acids, alcohols, amines, moist air

Hazardous Decomposition Products:

Combustion products may include: carbon oxides (CO, CO2) nitrogen oxides (NO, NO2 etc.) hydrocarbons and HCN. Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:

Reaction with water (moisture) produces CO2-gas. Exothermic reaction with materials containing active hydrogen groups. The reaction becomes progressively more vigorous and can be violent at higher temperatures if the miscibility of the reaction partners is good or is supported by stirring or by the presence of solvents.

Spray Pure Polyurea SDPUA-2302 Coating Component A is insoluble with, and heavier than water and sinks to the bottom but reacts slowly at the interface. A solid water-insoluble layer of polyurea is formed at the interface by liberating carbon dioxide gas.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:

May undergo polymerization reaction

Section 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Skin irritation/corrosion:

Adverse symptoms may include the following: Irritation, Redness

Eye damage/irritation:

Causes eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization:

Shown that respiratory sensitisation can be induced by skin contact with known respiratory sensitisers including diisocyanates. These results emphasize the need for protective clothing including gloves to be worn at all times when handling these chemicals or in maintenance work.

Reproductive cell mutagenicity:

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity:

Rats have been exposed for two years to a respirable aerosol Spray Pure Polyurea SDPUA-2302 Coating Component A which resulted in chronic pulmonary irritation at high concentrations. Only at the top level (6 mg/m3), there was a significant incidence of a benign tumor of the lung (adenoma) and one malignant tumor (adenocarcinoma). There were no lung tumors at 1 mg/m3 and no effects at 0.2 mg/m3. Overall, the tumor incidence, both benign and malignant, and the number of animals with the tumors were not different from controls. The increased incidence of lung tumors is associated with prolonged respiratory irritation and the concurrent accumulation of yellow material in the lung, which occurred throughout the study. In the absence of prolonged exposure to high concentrations leading to chronic irritation and lung damage, it is highly unlikely that tumor formation will occur.

Reproductive toxicity:

Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure: Specific target organ toxicity — repeated exposure:

Aspiration hazard:

Section 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity:

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Species	Exposure
Component A				

Section 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

This substance or its container may be disposed of by incineration.

If the used container still contains residue, keep it dry during storage to avoid explosion due to water contact.

Do not store food or other items in the container until it has been fully decontaminated, to avoid harm to humans or the environment. The recycling, reuse, or disposal of the packaging must comply with national and local laws and regulations.

Any damage or harm caused by improper disposal of the packaging is the responsibility of the disposer.

Dispose of both contents and container of the product in accordance with all relevant local, regional, national and international regulations.

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way.

Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements.

Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14 - TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

ADR/RID **Not required**

IMO **Not required**

ICAO **Not required**

Further Information Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations.

Transport Precautions
Check that containers are **intact and sealed** before transport.
Ensure containers do **not leak, fall, collapse, or become damaged** during transport.
Keep away from acids, oxidizing agents, food, and food additives.
Protect from **direct sunlight, rain, and high temperature** during transport.
Affix **"Keep away from food"** label.
Subject to **quantity limitations** for air and rail transport.

Section 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

Law information

Regulatory Framework	Status / Information
WHMIS Classification (WHMIS 2015)	Classified as Class 6.1 (Toxic Substances)
Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR)	This product meets the criteria for classification as a toxic substance under HPR.
Transportation Classification (TDG Canada)	Classified as Class 6.1 (Toxic), but no UN number assigned due to mixture formulation.
Domestic Substances List (DSL)	All ingredients are either listed on or exempt from the DSL.
Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	Not listed (or not applicable — product covered by DSL).
Canadian Environmental Protection Act (CEPA)	This product contains no substances regulated under CEPA Schedule 1 (Toxic Substances).
Controlled Products Regulations (CPR)	This SDS was prepared in accordance with the HPR, which replaced the CPR in 2015.
Other Canadian Regulations	No other known applicable federal, provincial, or territorial regulations.

Section 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

Disclaimer: This product manual is intended to be used by Shunda Polyurethane Ltd. in order to show sincerity to our customers, while it is not covered by law as a guarantee. Customers can adjust according to the actual operating conditions. If you have any questions, please call our company and we will serve you wholeheartedly.

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE

WWW.SDPU.CA
SHUNDA POLYURETHANE LTD
1200 Denison St,
Markham, ON
L3R 8G6, Canada
Tel: 905 754-0568
Toll Free: 1 855-818-8288
Fax: 905 754-0558
E-mail: info@sdpu.ca